Exploring the United Kingdom Anonymised Department for Transport Ministry of Transport (MOT) Anonymised Safety, Roadworthiness Test Results

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Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	Approach	1
3	Analysis	2
4	Conclusion	13
\mathbf{A}	Miscellaneous files	14

List of Tables

1	An unordered list of questions	2
2	Fuel was used by type per year	11

List of Figures

1 Introduction

The UK Ministry of Transport (MOT) is required to test cars and other light vehicles at least once a year to ensure they comply with the current road worthiness and environmental requirements. The anonymised results of these nation wide tests are made available to the public. This report details an exporation into the 2021 test results.

2 Approach

The MOT database is of interesting size with over 38 million test results. As with almost any data of this size, the steps are to locate, clean, and analyze the data.

- Locate: The data is available as a ZIP file from: https://data.gov.uk/dataset/e3939ef8-30c7-4ca8-9c7c-ad9475cc9b2f/anonymised-mot-tes The ZIP file contains one CSV file for each calendar quarter. Each file has a header record, and some number of CSV lines. These are the fields in each line: test_id, vehicle_id, test_date, test_class_id, test_type, test_result, test_mileage, postcode_area, make, model, colour, fuel_type, cylinder_capacity, and first_use_date Details of each field are in the MOT User Guide (see Section A).
- Clean: Even though the data was computer generated, one's interpretation and implementation of CSV may not be anothers. So the data lines were "cleaned" to make loading into a database seamless. This cleaning resulted in the loss of 1 line.
- Analysis: The size of the database (in excess of 38 million records) made analysis using normal R and Python tools problematic. The data was loaded into a PostGres database, SQL queries were run against the database, and finally the results were analyzed using R as needed.

Analysis 3

A series of questions asked during the exploration of the MOT anonymised safety test results.

#	Question	Results
1	How many raw lines are there in the MOT database? Raw lines include all headers and "bad" lines.	38,594,017
2	How many lines are there after "bad" lines are removed? (Includes all header lines.)	38,594,016
3	How many tuples are in the database?	tuples 38594012
4	How many unique vehicle IDs are there?	count 29988236

Table 1: An unordered list of questions.

#	Question	Results	
		test_result	count
		ABA	21344
		ABR	190989
5	What are the test results by type?	ABRVE	31
		F	7296397
		Р	28969654
		PRS	2115597

Table 1 ((Continued)	from	the	previous	nage	۱
Table 1. (Commuea	mom	une	previous	page.)

		postcode	aba	abr	abrve	f	р	prs
		AB	189	1301	0	75922	229742	9230
		AL	66	932	0	27256	127169	9076
		В	663	7549	4	178475	816480	75136
		BA	141	1538	0	77557	252256	17708
		BB	111	2146	0	54998	231491	17391
6	What are the test results by postal code?	BD	206	2066	0	63318	245049	17689
		BH	248	2006	0	91739	306771	22716
		BL	146	1396	1	49900	205274	13060
		BN	382	2347	1	107539	351605	25084
		BR	74	903	0	20015	109479	9732
				F	irst 10 ro	ows		
				0	of 119 rov	WS.		

#	Question	Result	S	
		year	count	
		1	1	
		3	1	
		4	3	
		13	1	
		14	1	
7	What are the	221	1	
	reported first year	998	1	
	use? I here are	1005	2	
	in the database	1010	2	
	First use years	1012	1	
	range from 1 to	First	10 rows	
	2913.	of 14	5 rows.	
		t	est_id	vehicle_id
		13559	72487	688080473
		11654	32363	1278184067
		2228	13899	453061241
		12009	51149	958132003
		3731	53567	1428388413
8	How many test IDs	2452	08109	799459405
	reported first year	17671	17079	665896789
	use are NULL?	14259	29191	64112623
		13406	32219	1253123325
		11700	38275	429391605
			First 1	0 rows
			of 631	rows.
			First 1 of 631	u rows rows.

Table 1. (Continued from the previous page.)

#	Question	Results	
		fuel_type	used
		CN	153
		DI	17724943
		ED	11683
		EL	93018
		FC	656
		GA	137
9	How many	GB	1013
	different types of	GD	40
	tuel types are	HY	439059
	reported:	LN	33
		LP	13630
		ОТ	30484
		PE	20279130
		ST	33

Table 1. (Continued from the previous page.)

#	Question	Results	
		testedtimes	vehicles
		1	21916201
		2	7598108
		3	418874
		4	51274
		5	3341
		6	360
10	How many vehicles	7	53
	were tested how	8	13
	many times?	9	5
		10	3
		11	1
		20	1
		30	1
		401	1
		vehicle_id	testedtimes
		223981155	401
		950296697	30
		1424313517	20
		1200788799	11
		554929346	10
11	Which were the	80739093	10
	most tested	750683211	10
	vehicles? Results	156470364	9
	most tested	1323635323	9
	vehicles.	672614726	9
		First 1	0 rows
of 20 rows.			

Table 1. (Continued from the previous page.)

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#	Question	Results			
		test_date	test₋mileage	test_type	test_result
		2020-02-11	94276	NT	F
		2020-02-13	NA	RT	ABR
		2020-02-14	NA	RT	ABR
10	M/bat was the test	2020-02-14	NA	RT	ABR
12	history for a	2020-02-17	94354	NT	Р
	selected vehicle?	2020-11-12	NA	RT	ABR
	Query limited to vehicle_id = "672614726" because previous explorations indicated this was an "interesting" vehicle.	2020-11-12	99946	NT	F
		2020-11-17	99946	RT	Р
		2020-11-17	NA	RT	ABR
13	What fuel was used by type per year? (See the discussion about the range of first use years in the database.)	Table too wide to fit in this space. Information presented elsewhere (see Table 2).			

Table 1. (Continued from the previous page.)

#	Question	Results		
		vehicle_id	numberinspections	
		223981155	379	
		596385553	8	
		1200788799	7	
		750683211	7	
		792483345	6	
14	Which vehicles	791792197	6	
	passed more than	646334849	6	
	once? A venicle	974650785	6	
	and passed more	1323635323	6	
	than once per year.	459704131	6	
		Fi	rst 10 rows	
		of 1,	203,476 rows.	
		vehicle_id	make	timestested
		1200788799	LONDON TAXIS INT	11
		80739093	LONDON TAXIS INT	10
		750683211	LONDON TAXIS INT	10
		156470364	LONDON TAXIS INT	9
		1323635323	LONDON TAXIS INT	9
15	How many taxis	104372541	LONDON TAXIS INT	8
	were tested how	597689537	LONDON TAXIS INT	8
	often (1215761132	LONDON TAXIS INT	7
		814462287	LONDON TAXIS INT	7
		291716978	LONDON TAXIS INT	7
			First 10 rows	

Table 1. (Continued from the previous page.)

of 15,479 rows.

#	Question	Results					
		Count	Term				
		5,653,959	FORD				
		4,065,830	VAUXHALL				
		3,420,229	VOLKSWAGEN				
		1,914,139	BMW				
		1,851,344	PEUGEOT				
16	What are the most common terms in	1,823,633	NISSAN				
		1,723,679	ΤΟΥΟΤΑ				
	the make	1,703,307	AUDI				
	as a surrogate as	1,446,961	MERCEDES-BENZ				
	to the most	1,437,405	RENAUTL				
	common make in the database. It is	F	irst 10 rows				
		of	7,149 rows.				
	exact because the "make" attribute is not consistent.						
17	How old are the tested vehicles?	Approximately 50% (17,883,539) reported a first use year prior to 2011 (see Figure 1).					
			(Continued on the next page.)				

Table 1. (Continued from the previous page.)

#	Question	Results							
		test₋mileage	first_use_date	make	model				
		999999	2003-09-15	ROVER	75				
		999999	2004-11-25	ROVER	75				
		999999	1999-07-03	NISSAN	ALMERA				
18		999999	2005-07-13	MG	ZT				
		999999	2007-09-03	MERCEDES	SPRINTER				
	Which vehicles	999999	2000-09-11	PEUGEOT	406				
	have the most	999999	2004-05-29	ROVER	75				
	miles? (Not truely	999999	2001-03-01	AUDI	TT				
	because it appears	999999	2004-03-26	ROVER	75				
	the database uses	999999	2003-05-02	ROVER	75				
	999999 as some sort of indicator.)	First 10							
		of 37,586,720 rows.							

Table 1. (Continued from the previous page.)

(Last page.)

Plotting the cumulative reported first use values (see Figure 1) raises hints and ideas about aspects that are not captured in the MOT database. These include:

- 1. Excepting the period prior to 1900 and from 2018 onward, the graph is almost linear on a logarithmic scale, implying an exponential rate of change. But what is that rate?
- 2. Is there a correlation between number of cars still in use, and periods of recession or depression?
- 3. Do the "flat" periods on the plot correlate to changes in population, personal wealth or income?
- 4. How has the curve changed over time? If we were to look at the data from 5 or 10 years ago could we estimate how often cars are "retired from service" or how many are added to service?
- 5. Has the effective cost of a vehicle contributed to more vehicles being put into service? How much would the single car from 1854 cost compared to the "average" car from 2018?

year	\mathbf{cn}	di	\mathbf{ed}	\mathbf{el}	\mathbf{fc}	\mathbf{ga}	$\mathbf{g}\mathbf{b}$	\mathbf{gd}	hy	\ln	lp	\mathbf{ot}	\mathbf{pe}	\mathbf{st}
1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	NA
3	NA	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3	NA
13	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	NA
14	NA	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
221	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	NA
998	NA	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1005	NA	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	NA
1010	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	NA	NA	NA	1	NA
1012	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	NA
1013	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	NA
1014	NA	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	NA
1015	NA	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2	NA
1016	NA	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2	NA
1017	NA	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2	NA
1019	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	NA
1087	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	NA
1197	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	NA
1199	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	NA
1212	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	NA
First 20 rows														
	of 146 rows.													

Table 2: Fuel was used by type per year. See the discussion about the range of first use years in the database.



Figure 1: First use reported by year. The range of first use year reports is wide. From 1 in 1854 to 2,792,959 in 2017. The number of first year uses for the period 2018 - 2020 are considerably lower. Vehicles have to be at least 3 years old before their first test. The vertical red line shows that by 2010 there were 13,248,945 vehicles reportedly first used. The horizontal red line shows that the approximately 50% mark for the entire time period. The horizontal red line does not appear in the middle of the plot because the Y-axis is a logarithmic scale to encompass the wide range of values. The values inside the plotting area on the left hand-side are the "normal" values that correspond to the exponents.

4 Conclusion

We explored the UK's Ministry of Transport publicly available database of vehicle test results. The database contains over 38 million individual test results for almost 30 million unique vehicles from as long ago as 1854. Exploring the database identified a variety of different fuel types in use, errors when entering first use data, a number of vehicles that were inspected numerous times within a few days, and some vehicle types there were inspected more than others. The R source code and SQL commands used to create, populate, and query the database are included in this report.

A Miscellaneous files

A collection of files used in the creation of this report.

- fileDownload.sh download, unzip, and "clean" MOT data before loading into the database
- \bullet create TablesMOT.sql – SQL commands to create MOT database 0
- populateTablesMOT.sql postgres commands to populate the MOT database (based on other files)
- queryTablesMOT.sql SQL commands to test that MOT database was loaded correctly
- $\bullet\,$ explore MOTdata.R – R script to explore the MOT database 0
- termFrequency.sh A bash shell script tailored to report how many times unique terms were used in the "make" attribute of the mot relation.
- MOT_user_guide_v4.docx MOT User's Guide

The embedded files can be extracted using an Adobe reader tool. The files may not be extractable using a web browser.